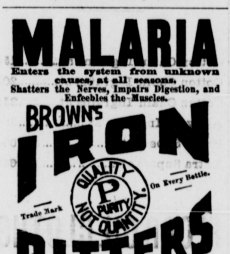


## NO POISON

IN THE PASTRY  
IF



**DR. PRICE'S**  
**CREAM BAKING POWDER**  
Is the best for all seasons.  
FOR STRENGTH AND TRUE FLAVOR  
THEY STAND ALONE.  
PREPARED BY  
**Price Baking Powder Co.,**  
Chicago, Ill. St. Louis, Mo.  
**Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder**  
Best for all seasons.  
**Dr. Price's Lullaby Yeast Gems,**  
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FOR SALE BY GROCERS.  
WE MAKE BUT ONE QUALITY.



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## SPRING OPENING!

Our Spring and Summer stock is now complete. Every advantage that experience and the best of taste can secure we have. Call and inspect the large stock of Fashionable Ready-made

## CLOTHING

just received. A full line of Mohairs, Meltons, new Diagonals, Cordsweats, etc. The stock in our

## MERCHANT TAILORING

Department is the choicest we have ever had. Prices the lowest and satisfaction guaranteed. Give us a call.

## VICROY & LEE.

W. E. GRIMES & CO.,  
—New Stock of—

## FURNITURE!

PARLOR, DINING-ROOM AND CHAMBER  
Suits in great variety.  
We make a point of keeping on hand a large stock of all the essential articles in Furniture, bedding, etc., and know our prices are reasonable for reliable goods.  
Store: corner of Third and Market streets, Glasgow's old stand.

## A. D. MITCHELL,

## CONFECTIONER,

and dealer in home-made candies, fruits, etc.  
Soda Water the best in town. Ice Cream and all kinds. Second street, Mayville, Ky.  
**SMITH'S KIDNEY TONIC--TRY IT.**

## OHIO'S LEGISLATURE.

ADJOURNMENT OF THE FIFTY-SIXTH  
GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

The Gavel Falls After Complimentary  
Speeches and Votes of Thanks--Re-  
sumé of the Work Accomplished in  
Framing Legal Enactments.

COLUMBUS, May 5.—The closing hour of the general assembly was spent in mutual admiration speeches, in which republicans and democrats participated. Speeches were made by Messrs. Brunner, Brown, Myers, Litzler, Bayard, and Speaker Marsh.

The house adopted a vote of thanks to Speaker Marsh, Speaker pro tem, Brunner, and all officers and clerks of the house, and at 11:10 the speaker's gavel fell and the legislature was declared adjourned sine die.

During the session just closed there were some wholesome and beneficial laws passed, and probably less than the usual number of purely vicious ones. Embracing the bills that came over from the first session there were in round numbers 700 bills considered in the house and 200 in the senate, and about 300 of them enacted into laws, each house passing nearly a proportionate number of the bills up for consideration.

Of those taking the form of law, fifty-sixty per cent. are purely local in their character, and of no sort of interest except to the people to whom they apply.

The bills not local in their character nearly all the rest were revisory or supplementary to the revised statutes. Some of the changes are purely clerical or verbal, others clearly define and remove any ambiguity of the law as it stood at the opening of the session.

Altogether there was not more than a score of laws passed which will prove of general importance to the people of the whole state, and none of them are very radical. The act to clearly define and remove any ambiguity of the law as it stood at the opening of the session.

Others hold the power of the Underwriter's association to arbitrarily fix the rates of insurance, will rank among the most important acts of the legislature.

Money's bill, pulling the teeth of the "in-statement" clause, will have a beneficial effect in all the larger cities, where a class of men have been systematically robbing the poor and unfortunate.

The bill distributing the rolling stock, equipments and property of railroad companies proportionately among the counties through which the lines run for purposes of taxation, is said to be just to taxpayers and to railroad companies.

Mr. Turner, of Dayton, is the author of two laws which will be important in their bearing the first requiring clerks of courts to furnish the judges of elections with lists of all persons lawfully entitled to vote, and the second, which names those not to be placed in the pannel or box, and the second act making the possessor of a dealer's tools a felony in all parts of the state.

The Matthews bill to regulate the manufacture and sale of dynamite will also rank among the important enactments, as will the bill making it a felony to give or receive bribes for votes or "influence" at the primary.

The bill enlarging the powers and giving the inspector of shops a full corps of assistants meets with warm approval among the labor element. Labor advocates say that the mine inspection, the shop inspection, the anti-trust payment, the Ryan labor tribunal, and other bills passed by the state legislature are a long step in the direction of a much needed reform. The Levering bill, providing for all executions to take place in the penitentiary, creates a wide diversity of opinion.

The only mistake in regard to the act providing for the election of a jury to the land and Cincinnati, in the opinion of the ablest members of the legislature and others, was that it was not made general, or at least made to apply to all cities of 10,000 population and over.

The most radical act passed was that to make the third degree a convict to the penitentiary one for life, regardless of the character of his offense. No other legislative body ever passed such a law.

## PLYMOUTH'S EPIDEMIC

Regular Typhoid Fever and Caused by As  
Impure Water Supply.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., May 5.—The epidemic in Plymouth still holds its own. A correspondent conversed with a number of physicians, and they report several fresh cases, but do not think that there are so virulent a nature as formerly. They fear, however, that during the coming winter there will be many deaths. Many of the wealthier residents have removed their families from the town. The removal has come to pass, as death has followed after their departure. Dr. Davis, a leading physician of this city, who is attending a number of patients in Plymouth, pronounces the disease regular typhoid fever. He believes the cause of the epidemic can be found in the water supply, which has been contaminated by cess pools or drains. The municipal authorities are about to make a searching examination along the whole course of the water supply in the hope of finding some such cause.

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Three companies of State troops from Joliet left Lemont, and disembarked at the Rock Island depot, two companies of Lemont. They were then advised that the strikers in large numbers had made an assault upon men loading a canal boat with stone, one mile north of Lemont, and in releasing the seventy strikers captured by the troops and strikers occurred a little before noon.

JOLIET, Ill., May 5.—There are no demonstrations of any kind made by the strikers, and quiet reigns supreme about the quarry and in the city. Sheriff Reitz released all but four of the prisoners captured Friday morning. They were conducted to the city limits, and told to leave the county at once.

COLLINSVILLE, Ill., May 5.—The striking coal miners, who nearly all left here, are expected back six hundred strong from Belleville. Although their leaders say they will use no violence, a strong force of deputy sheriffs and deputy city marshals has been sworn to protect the miners going to work. The mayor issued a proclamation warning strikers not to interfere with men or property. It is thought that trouble is averted.

LANSING, Ont., May 3.—James Fanning, living in the township of Ops, near Janelville, separated from his wife some time ago and she returned to her father Mr. H. Pogue, a farmer of the same township. Fanning has tried a number of times since to induce her to return and live with him, which she refused to do, and he has been using force. The mayor issued a proclamation warning strikers not to interfere with men or property. It is thought that trouble is averted.

Wanted an Intelligent Juror.  
JUROR, May 5.—The trial of Dick Shurtz, charged with the murder of a woman, was continued in the afternoon and terminated. Jacob Webster was accepted as the twelfth juror, but Charles B. Knowlton, juror No. 1, was not selected. The first and second panels were exhausted before the jury was selected. Webster's panel and a new panel was called.

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At Hanover, York county, Pa., the special train conveying President Cleveland and party to Gettysburg had just left the station when the engine broke down and the train had to wait until another engine could be secured.

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Covington Children's Home.  
CINCINNATI, May 5.—Mrs. Shirk, the mother of the Protestant children's home, Madison avenue and Martin street, Covington, was awakened at an early hour by a cry from the children's dormitory. Rushing in she found one of her charges, George Leudeke, aged ten, rushing frantically up and down the smoke filled dormitory, awakening the other children.

The fifty children were soon removed to a place of safety and a telephone call brought the fire department. The fire was quickly subdued and no lives were lost. The fire which originated in the kitchen was quickly subdued and no lives were lost. The fire which originated in the kitchen was quickly subdued and no lives were lost.

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## A MORMON MANIFESTO

PROTESTING AGAINST THE EFFORTS  
TO SUPPRESS POLYGAMY.

The Latter Day Saints Defending Their  
Faith—They Address a Declaration of  
Gravances to the President and  
People of the United States.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, May 5.—Meeting  
have been held throughout Utah, Idaho and  
Arizona at all the Mormon tabernacles, at  
which a declaration of gravances and protest  
which had been formulated at a general  
conference of the Mormon church April 5,  
was read. The declaration is addressed to  
the president and the people of the United  
States. It begins by saying that as the  
rights as American citizens of the vast ma-  
jority of the people of Utah and their cor-  
religionists in the neighboring states and ter-  
ritories are trampled upon, they believe it  
their imperative duty to part of our religion,  
the gigantic evil which threatens not only their  
liberties, but the liberties of every freeman.  
It then says:

"As to our religious faith, it is based upon  
evidence which to our minds is conclusive  
conviction not to be destroyed by legislative  
enactments or judicial decisions. Force may  
enslave the body, but it cannot convince the  
mind. To yield at the demand of the legis-  
lator or the judge the rights of conscience  
would prove us recreant to every duty we  
owe to God and man. Among the principles  
of our religion is that of immediate revela-  
tion from God. One of the doctrines so re-  
vealed is celestial or plural marriage, for  
which celestially we are stigmatized and  
hated. This a vital part of our religion, the  
decisions of courts to the contrary notwith-  
standing."

The declaration declares that the practice  
of polygamy as understood among the oc-  
cidental nations is a system of sensuality; but  
the latter day saints believe that the mar-  
riage is one which, when properly solemnized  
exists in eternity. Every faithful woman  
man in the church believes that in order to  
insure her exaltation in the presence of God  
she should be married or sealed to an up-  
right, faithful man. It then says:

"Acting upon this belief, these alliances  
are formed, while on earth, upon the prin-  
ciple that the man is not without the  
woman nor the woman without the man in  
the Lord. They firmly believe that God has  
revealed this to them as a command. But  
while patriarchal marriage, as it is termed,  
is a part of their faith and practice, they  
have no idea that it should become universal.  
The equality of the sexes, if no other reason  
would prevent this. It is a mistaken idea  
that our church favors the propagation of  
this doctrine, or seeks to establish it as a  
universal system. At the same time we fully  
believe that women should be married, even  
if two or three of them, as in the family of  
Abraham, Jacob, and others, become the  
wives of one man. Instead, therefore, of  
our system of marriage promoting sensu-  
ality, experience has proved that it checks it  
and, instead of being destructive to the fam-  
ily relations, it is preservative of it."

Complaint is made that the commissioners  
appointed under the Edmunds law have  
grossly abused the authority conferred upon  
them, and have usurped extraordinary il-  
legal and arbitrary powers. On this point  
it says:

"The commissioners officiously formu-  
lated an unauthorized and illegal expro-  
priatory test oath, covering the whole life of  
the individual, and required each elector in  
the territory to take it before he could vote, and  
by their order the names of all persons who  
failed to take this oath were stricken from  
the registry list. They so constructed the  
test oath that it could not be taken by any  
person who had ever lived in polygamy, or  
who cohabited with more than one woman in  
the marriage relation, but it could be, and  
was, taken by persons who cohabited with  
more than one woman not in the marriage  
relation, thus disfranchising only Mormons,  
and permitting non-Mormon violators of the  
law to register and vote."

It is further asserted that they have grossly  
abused their authority in the appointment  
of registration officers, by selecting for such  
positions, whenever possible, only such per-  
sons as belong to the anti-Mormon faction.  
The declaration then says:

"The Edmunds law, which not only pro-  
vides for the punishment of polygamy, but  
also cohabitation with more than one wo-  
man, whether in the marriage relation or  
outside of it, is made to operate upon one  
class of people only—the Mormons—and yet  
of the non-Mormon class who transgressed  
the law, the name is legion. The parano-  
m of mistresses and harlots, secure from pro-  
secution, walks the streets in open day. No  
United States official puts a "spot" on his  
trail, or makes an effort to drag his deeds of  
shame and guilt before a judge and jury for  
investigation and punishment. But note the  
contrast. In Utah, Idaho, and Arizona a  
concerted assault is made upon the Mormon  
people. Spotters and spies dog their foot-  
steps. Delators thrust themselves into bed-  
chambers and watch at windows. Children  
are questioned upon the streets as to the  
marital relations of their parents. Families  
are dragged before commissioners and  
grand juries, and on pain of punishment for  
contempt are compelled to testify against  
their fathers and husbands. Modest women  
are made to answer shamefully indecent  
questions. Attempts are made to bribe men  
to work up cases against their neighbors. No  
toriously disreputable characters are em-  
ployed to spy into men's family relations."

The document concluded with a protest  
against such treatment, and a request for  
the appointment by the president of a com-  
mission "to fairly and thoroughly investigate  
the Utah situation."

Striking Against a Reduction.  
CLEVELAND, O., May 5.—Three hundred  
and sixty coal miners in the Conotton val-  
ley district have struck, and a general strike  
is threatened throughout the Conotton and  
Tuscarawas valley districts. The men have  
been receiving seventy-five cents per ton,  
and the cut was to sixty cents. The owners  
claim that the miners will have to take sixty  
cents a ton or the mines will be closed.

The Run of Shad.  
WASHINGTON, May 5.—The fish commis-  
sioners much encouraged over a letter just  
received from Representative H. A. Herbert  
of Alabama. He writes: "Quite a number  
of shad have been caught in the Alabama  
river this season, and the reports are that  
the introduction of these fish in those waters  
will be highly successful, and that, too, at an  
early day, if liberally planted. Like favor-  
able reports come from the Ohio river, which  
now has an annual and increasing run of  
shad each spring."

## DON'T!

Don't be lve that we present an excellent  
Waterbury Watch with every \$15 purchase.

Don't believe that we give a Hat with every  
Ready-made Suit we sell.

Don't believe that we carry the Largest,  
Best-selected and Handsomest stock of Goods  
in the State.

Don't believe that you can get more solid  
value for your money from us than from any  
Cincinnati Clothing House.

Don't believe that we are getting up, this  
Spring, Handsomer Work than any other Mer-  
chant Tailoring House in the State.

Don't believe any of the above facts until  
you come to our house and be convinced that  
all this is literally true. Respectfully,

**HECHINGER & CO.,**  
Oddfellows' Hall Clothing House, Maysville.

**Headquarters For Dry Goods.**

We are pleased to announce that our Spring and Summer styles for 1885 are now open  
for the inspection of the public. Our new stock consists of a large and varied assortment of  
the NEW 257 and 18251 in Seasonable Goods, embracing all the Latest Novelties in Foreign  
and Domestic

**DRESS GOODS!**

We claim for our stock General Excellence in Quality and Style, Immense Variety and a  
scale of prices which will be found EXTRAORDINARILY LOW. Our stock of Hosiery is com-  
plete in every detail, from the cheapest Cotton to the Finest Silk Hose, and at prices that de-  
fy competition. In

**Carpets, Oil Cloths, Window Shades,**

&c. we can not be equalled, and are confident we can save you five or ten cents on every  
yard you purchase of us. Another thing, do not fail to see our elegant display of CURTAIN  
NETS and LACE CURTAINS. Elegant styles! Very large stock! Our New Spring Goods  
are most desirable and our prices always right. OUR WHITE GOODS and LACES are well  
worth coming to see.

**D. HUNT & SON,**

Second Street, - - - Maysville, Ky.

**F. DIETRICH & SONS,**

—Dealers in Home-made—

**CARRIAGES, BUGGIES,**

**SPRING WAGONS, ETC.**

Only carriage manufacturers in Mays-  
ville who sell only their own work, which  
is first-class in all particulars. Vehicles  
at LOWER PRICES than any other house  
in the State, when quality of work is con-  
sidered.

**All Work Warranted!**

REPAIRING Promptly and Satisfactorily  
done. A large line of Carriages, Buggies,  
Barouches, &c., now on hand.

WE are practical Mechanics, and WILL SAVE YOU MONEY if you give  
us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

**F. DIETRICH & SONS,**

68 and 70 East Second St.

—GO TO—

**J. BALLENGER**

—FOR—

**FINE JEWELRY,**

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ETC.

Bridal and Anniversary Gifts a specialty. A large stock to select  
from at all times. A trial is solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

**MALTBY, BENTLEY & CO.'S**

For Oats and Clover Seed, Potatoes and Cabbage. They have also just  
received a fresh supply of Mackerel, Maple Syrup and N. O. Molasses.

No. 19 Market Street, Maysville, Ky.

W. W. McIlvain.

R. G. Humphreys.

**McILVAIN & HUMPHREYS,**

(Successors to MYALL & RILEY.)

**FARMING IMPLEMENTS!**

—We are now receiving large invoices of—

PLANET, J.B., TOBACCO CULTIVATORS, MALTA DOUBLE SHOVEL FLOWS,  
BARBED WIRE, ETC., RANDALL HARROWS,  
EVANS CORN PLANTERS and DRILLS, RIDING and WALKING CULTIVATORS,

We have a full stock of WAGONS and CARTS; in fact every kind of Implement need-  
ed on a farm. Second street, Maysville, Ky.

ON MONDAY, May 4th, I  
will commence, and continue  
during the entire month to offer  
a line of fine Carriage and Bug-  
gy work at three-fourths of its  
true value. ED. MYALL,  
Successor to Myall & Riley, Sul-  
ton street, Maysville, Ky.

**CYCLONE OF BARGAINS!**

Five hundred Fine Corkscrew Suits in all Styles and Colors at \$15;  
worth \$25. Five hundred Fancy Plaid Suits at \$12; worth \$18. Six  
hundred Cassimere Suits, all styles, at \$10; worth \$20. My stock of  
Boys' and Children's Suits is complete in every department.

**SOME CLOTHING FACTS:**

The Brightest, the most Tasteful, the Prettiest Finished, the most  
carefully Low Priced—in a word, the most satisfactory and desirable  
Clothing for Men, Youths and Children to be found in the State, is sold  
at the Red Corner Clothing House.

LOUIS ZECH, Proprietor.

**HERMANN LANGE,**

—The Jeweler, is receiving the latest styles of—

**FINE JEWELRY,**

Watches, Diamonds, Silverware, Clocks and Novelties. Call and exam-  
ine before purchasing elsewhere. No. 43 Second Street, three doors below  
Market, Maysville, Ky.

**M. DAVIS,**

—THE OLD RELIABLE—

**CLOTHIER!**

Have just received an immense stock of CLOTHING, comprising Men's Youths' and Boys'  
goods; also GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.

**HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS and VALISES,**

which he will sell at PANIC PRICES. You will do well to call and see him before purchas-  
ing elsewhere.

**M. DAVIS,**

**C. S. MINER & BRO.,**

—ESTABLISHED 1838—DEALERS IN—

**BOOTS, Leather and Findings**

**SHOES, MAYSVILLE, KY.**

**CLEARANCE SALE FOR CASH!**

As trustee for A. R. BURGESS, I offer the stock of Dry Goods contained in his store, No.  
29 South Street, at greatly reduced prices. Unaltered Shirts, best made, former price  
\$1.00; 75 cents; best Laided Shirts, former price \$1.50; \$1.05; line of dress goods, per yard,  
5 cents; many choice Dress Fabrics at cost; Woolen Underwear and Blankets at cost. Great  
bargains in  
Hosiery, Towels, Napkins, Table Linens, Etc.  
Choice line of cassimere at cost. All persons indebted to the said Burgess will be required  
to make prompt payment, as it will be my duty, as trustee, to wind up the business speed-  
ily. As a R. Burgess, as my agent, will make settlements and collections, and give receipts.  
JAMES SHACKLEFORD, Trustee.